#### 109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2412

To address homeland security issues relating to first responders, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the use of technology, Federal, State, and local coordination, and critical infrastructure, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 14, 2006

Mr. BIDEN introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

## A BILL

To address homeland security issues relating to first responders, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the use of technology, Federal, State, and local coordination, and critical infrastructure, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "9/11 Commission Rec-
- 5 ommendations Implementation Act of 2006".
- 6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 7 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

## TITLE I—ENHANCING LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FIRST RESPONDERS

#### Subtitle A—First Responders

- Sec. 101. Findings.
- Sec. 102. Restoration of justice assistance funding.
- Sec. 103. COPS authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 104. State and local first responders authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Federal Bureau of Investigation Enhancement

- Sec. 120. Findings.
- Sec. 121. Authorization for more agents.

#### Subtitle C—Utilizing Technology to Prevent and Respond to Terrorist Attacks and Natural Disasters

- Sec. 141. Communications.
- Sec. 142. Terrorist watch lists.

## Subtitle D—Improving Planning and Coordination Among Federal, State, and Local First Responders

Sec. 161. National response plan.

#### TITLE II—CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

Subtitle A—Comprehensive Critical Infrastructure Vulnerability Assessments

Sec. 201. Threat reductions.

#### Subtitle B—Rail Security

- Sec. 221. Rail transportation security risk assessment.
- Sec. 222. Rail security.
- Sec. 223. Study of foreign rail transport security programs.
- Sec. 224. Passenger, baggage, and cargo screening.
- Sec. 225. Certain personnel limitations not to apply.
- Sec. 226. Fire and life-safety improvements.
- Sec. 227. Memorandum of understanding.
- Sec. 228. Amtrak plan to assist families of passengers involved in rail passenger accidents.
- Sec. 229. Systemwide Amtrak security upgrades.
- Sec. 230. Freight and passenger rail security upgrades.
- Sec. 231. Rail security research and development.
- Sec. 232. Welded rail and tank car safety improvements.
- Sec. 233. Northern border rail passenger report.
- Sec. 234. Whistleblower protection program.

### Subtitle C—Transportation of Hazardous Materials by Rail

- Sec. 241. Findings.
- Sec. 242. Definitions.
- Sec. 243. Regulations for transport of extremely hazardous materials.
- Sec. 244. Safety training.
- Sec. 245. Research and development.
- Sec. 246. Whistleblower protection.
- Sec. 247. Penalties.

#### Subtitle D—Chemical Plant Security

Sec. 261. Plant security grants.

Subtitle E—Seaport Protection

Sec. 281. Findings.

Sec. 282. Port security grant funding.

Subtitle F—Bag Screening

Sec. 291. Checked bag screening.

## 1 TITLE I—ENHANCING LAW EN-

- 2 FORCEMENT AND FIRST RE-
- 3 SPONDERS
- 4 Subtitle A—First Responders
- **5 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.**
- 6 Congress makes the following findings:
- 7 (1) In a report entitled "Emergency First Re-
- 8 sponders: Drastically Underfunded, Dangerously
- 9 Unprepared", an independent task force sponsored
- by the Council on Foreign Relations found that
- 11 "America's local emergency responders will always
- be the first to confront a terrorist incident and will
- play the central role in managing its immediate con-
- sequences. Their efforts in the first minutes and
- hours following an attack will be critical to saving
- lives, establishing order, and preventing mass panic.
- 17 The United States has both a responsibility and a
- 18 critical need to provide them with the equipment,
- training, and other resources necessary to do their
- jobs safely and effectively.".

- 1 (2) The task force further concluded that many 2 State and local emergency responders, including po-3 lice officers and firefighters, lack the equipment and 4 training needed to respond effectively to a terrorist 5 attack involving weapons of mass destruction.
- 6 (3) The Federal Government has a responsi-7 bility to ensure that the people of the United States 8 are protected to the greatest possible extent against 9 a terrorist attack, especially an attack that utilizes 10 nuclear, chemical, biological, or radiological weapons, 11 and consequently, the Federal Government has a 12 critical responsibility to address the equipment, 13 training, and other needs of State and local first re-14 sponders.

## 15 SEC. 102. RESTORATION OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE FUND-

- 16 ING.
- 17 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-18 gress that the President should request in the annual 19 budget proposal, and Congress should appropriate, the full
- 20 amount authorized to be appropriated in subsection (b).
- 21 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 22 are authorized to be appropriated for the Edward Byrne
- 23 Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program
- 24 \$900,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.

1	SEC. 103. COPS AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
2	In addition to any other amounts authorized to be
3	appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated to
4	the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services
5	\$1,150,000,000, for fiscal year 2007.
6	SEC. 104. STATE AND LOCAL FIRST RESPONDERS AUTHOR-
7	IZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	In addition to any other amounts authorized to be
9	appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated, for
10	each of the fiscal years 2007 through 2017—
11	(1) \$1,000,000,000 for the State Homeland Se-
12	curity Grant Program;
13	(2) \$1,000,000,000 for the Urban Area Secu-
14	rity Initiative Grant Program; and
15	(3) \$600,000,000 for the Law Enforcement
16	Terrorism Prevention Program.
17	Subtitle B—Federal Bureau of
18	<b>Investigation Enhancement</b>
19	SEC. 120. FINDINGS.
20	Congress finds the following:
21	(1) Throughout its history, the Federal Bureau
22	of Investigation has been an integral part of anti-
23	crime investigatory efforts in the United States.
24	(2) While the Federal Bureau of Investigation
25	has increased its overall field agent numbers by
26	more than 1,000 since pre-September 11, 2001, lev-

- els, it has increased its counter-terror agents by
  more than 2,000. While this staffing-up of increased
  resources for counter-terror investigations is necessary and proper, it has had the unintended consequence of precluding the Federal Bureau of Investigation from adequately and satisfactorily discharging its traditional anti-crime investigatory efforts.
  - (3) The shift of the focus of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to counterterrorism has reduced the Bureau's involvement in traditional crime investigations, including—
    - (A) fewer agents to the successful High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area task forces;
    - (B) fewer violent crime cases, as the Bureau has reduced the number of agents committed to Federal, State, and local task forces like the Safe Streets and Violent Crime Task Forces; and
    - (C) fewer agents handling bank robbery and white collar crimes, which involve technical areas of investigative expertise that State and locals often lack.
  - (4) Before September 11, 2001, the Federal Bureau of Investigation had 7,738 field agents ful-

- filling traditional anti-crime efforts. The President proposed a fiscal year 2006 budget with less than 6,700 field agents fulfilling these same functions.
  - (5) The Federal Bureau of Investigation is thus faced with a gap of 1,000 field agents in its traditional anti-crime function, compromising the investigations the Federal Bureau of Investigation is able to undertake and to assist in conducting.
  - (6) The traditional anti-crime investigations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation complement and assist investigations by State and local law enforcement around the country.
  - (7) Through direct assistance and various joint task forces, the Federal Bureau of Investigation provides invaluable expertise and resources to help State and local law enforcement agencies combat criminal enterprises impacting their local communities.
  - (8) The post-September 11, 2001, reprogramming of Federal Bureau of Investigation agents from criminal to counterterrorism investigations is occurring at the many State and local agencies that are facing tough budget cuts that is reducing their capacity to fight crime.

- 1 (9) In a recent survey, 27 of 44 major urban 2 police departments surveyed are experiencing a "cop 3 crunch". Cleveland, Ohio, has lost 250 officers in 4 2004, 15 percent of its force. New York City has 5 lost 3,400 over the last 3 years. Pittsburgh, Penn-6 sylvania, has lost ¼ of its force, and Philadelphia 7 has lost 2,000 officers.
- 8 (10) Compounding the lack of local revenue 9 many local jurisdictions are faced with since Sep-10 tember 11, 2001, Federal financial assistance to 11 local law enforcement has been reduced every year 12 for the past 4 years.
- 13 (11) The Federal Bureau of Investigation is 14 charged with preventing terrorism and fighting tra-15 ditional crime. In order for the Federal Bureau of 16 Investigation to attain both critical goals, the Fed-17 eral Bureau of Investigation needs an additional 18 1,000 agents to do the job.

#### 19 SEC. 121. AUTHORIZATION FOR MORE AGENTS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated
- 21 \$160,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2007 through
- 22 2011 to fund 1,000 Federal Bureau of Investigation field
- 23 agents, in addition to the number of Federal Bureau of
- 24 Investigation field agents serving on the date of enactment
- 25 of this Act.

## Subtitle C—Utilizing Technology to

- 2 Prevent and Respond to Ter-
- 3 rorist Attacks and Natural Dis-
- 4 asters
- 5 SEC. 141. COMMUNICATIONS.
- 6 There are authorized to be appropriated
- 7 \$1,000,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2007 through
- 8 2011, to the Office of Community Oriented Policy Services
- 9 for grants for interoperable communications technology.
- 10 SEC. 142. TERRORIST WATCH LISTS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000
- 12 for fiscal year 2007, to the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
- 13 tion for the consolidation of terrorist watch lists by the
- 14 Terrorist Screening Center.
- 15 Subtitle D—Improving Planning
- and Coordination Among Fed-
- eral, State, and Local First Re-
- 18 **sponders**
- 19 SEC. 161. NATIONAL RESPONSE PLAN.
- 20 (a) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 21 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 22 rity shall conduct a study and submit a report to Congress
- 23 regarding any failures related to the use of the national
- 24 response plan prepared under section 502(6) of the Home-
- 25 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 312(6)).

### (b) UPDATE OF PLAN.—

(1) In General.—Not later than the earlier of the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act or the date that is 180 days after the submission of the report under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct a review and update the national response plan prepared under section 502(6) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 312(6)) to coordinate a response within 8 to 24 hours after the occurrence of a natural disaster or terrorist attack, utilizing State and local government resources.

(2) Consultation.—In conducting the study required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall form a working group consisting of State and local law enforcement officials, State and local fire officials, local paramedics and other State and local emergency planners and practitioners as well as relevant Federal officials.

### TITLE II—CRITICAL 1 INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION 2 Subtitle A—Comprehensive Critical Infrastructure Vulnerability As-4 sessments 5 SEC. 201. THREAT REDUCTIONS. 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland 9 Security shall conduct a study of and submit to Congress 10 an unclassified report on the security vulnerability and a 11 comprehensive threat reduction recommendations for each 12 of the following areas: 13 (1) Financial markets. 14 (2) Chemical plants. 15 (3) Nuclear plants. 16 (4) Ports. 17 (5) Transportation infrastructure. 18 (6) Electricity grid. 19 (7) Communications Systems. 20 (8) Computer Networks. (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 21 22 are authorized to be appropriated \$80,000,000 for fiscal

23 year 2007 to carry out this section.

### Subtitle B—Rail Security SEC. 221. RAIL TRANSPORTATION SECURITY RISK ASSESS-3 MENT. 4 (a) IN GENERAL.— 5 (1) Vulnerability assessment.— 6 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of 7 Homeland Security for Border and Transpor-8 tation Security, in consultation with the Sec-9 retary of Transportation, shall complete a vul-10 nerability assessment of freight and passenger 11 rail transportation (encompassing railroads, as 12 that term is defined in section 20102(1) of title 13 49, United States Code). 14 (B) Contents.—The assessment under 15 subparagraph (A) shall include— 16 (i) identification and evaluation of 17 critical assets and infrastructures: 18 (ii) identification of threats to those 19 assets and infrastructures; 20 (iii) identification of vulnerabilities 21 that are specific to the transportation of 22 hazardous materials by railroad; and 23 (iv) identification of security weak-24 nesses in passenger and cargo security, 25 transportation infrastructure, protection

- systems, procedural policies, communications systems, employee training, emergency response planning, and any other area identified by the assessment.
  - (C) Existing private and public sector Efforts.—The assessment shall take into account actions taken or planned by both public and private entities to address identified security issues and assess the effective integration of such actions.
  - (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Based on the assessment conducted under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, shall develop prioritized recommendations for improving rail security, including any recommendations the Under Secretary has for—
    - (A) improving the security of rail tunnels, rail bridges, rail switching and car storage areas, other rail infrastructure and facilities, information systems, and other areas identified by the Under Secretary as posing significant rail-related risks to public safety and the movement of interstate commerce, taking into account the impact that any proposed security

1	measure might have on the provision of rail
2	service;
3	(B) deploying equipment to detect explo-
4	sives and hazardous chemical, biological, and
5	radioactive substances, and any appropriate
6	countermeasures;
7	(C) training employees in terrorism pre-
8	vention, passenger evacuation, and response ac-
9	tivities;
10	(D) conducting public outreach campaigns
11	on passenger railroads;
12	(E) deploying surveillance equipment; and
13	(F) identifying the immediate and long-
14	term costs of measures that may be required to
15	address those risks.
16	(3) Plans.—The report required by subsection
17	(c) shall include—
18	(A) a plan, developed in consultation with
19	the freight and intercity passenger railroads,
20	and State and local governments, for the gov-
21	ernment to provide increased security support
22	at high or severe threat levels of alert; and
23	(B) a plan for coordinating rail security
24	initiatives undertaken by the public and private
25	sectors.

- 1 (b) Consultation; Use of Existing Re-2 sources.—In carrying out the assessment required by
- 3 subsection (a)(1), the Under Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 4 rity for Border and Transportation Security shall consult
- 5 with rail management, rail labor, owners or lessors of rail
- 6 cars used to transport hazardous materials, first respond-
- 7 ers, shippers of hazardous materials, public safety officials
- 8 (including those within other agencies and offices within
- 9 the Department of Homeland Security), and other rel-
- 10 evant parties.
- 11 (c) Report.—
- 12 (1) CONTENTS.—Not later than 180 days after 13 the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Sec-
- 14 retary of Homeland Security for Border and Trans-
- portation Security shall submit to the Committee on
- 16 Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
- ate and the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
- structure of the House of Representatives a report
- 19 containing the assessment and prioritized rec-
- ommendations required by subsection (a) and an es-
- 21 timate of the cost to implement such recommenda-
- tions.
- 23 (2) FORMAT.—The Under Secretary may sub-
- 24 mit the report in both classified and redacted for-

- 1 mats if the Under Secretary determines that such
- 2 action is appropriate or necessary.
- 3 (d) 2-Year Updates.—The Under Secretary of
- 4 Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Secu-
- 5 rity, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation,
- 6 shall update the assessment and recommendations every
- 7 2 years and submit to the committees named in subsection
- 8 (c)(1) a report, which may be submitted in both classified
- 9 and redacted formats, containing the updated assessment
- 10 and recommendations.
- 11 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 12 are authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary
- 13 of Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Se-
- 14 curity \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2007 for the purpose of
- 15 carrying out this section.
- 16 SEC. 222. RAIL SECURITY.
- 17 (a) Rail Police Officers.—Section 28101 of title
- 18 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "the rail
- 19 carrier" each place it appears and inserting "any rail car-
- 20 rier".
- 21 (b) REVIEW OF RAIL REGULATIONS.—Not later than
- 22 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 23 retary of Transportation, in consultation with the Under
- 24 Secretary of Homeland Security for Border and Transpor-
- 25 tation Security, shall review the rail regulations of the De-

- 1 partment of Transportation for the purpose of identifying
- 2 areas in which those regulations need to be revised to im-
- 3 prove rail security.
- 4 SEC. 223. STUDY OF FOREIGN RAIL TRANSPORT SECURITY
- 5 PROGRAMS.
- 6 (a) REQUIREMENT FOR STUDY.—Not later than 1
- 7 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comp-
- 8 troller General of the United States shall complete a study
- 9 of the rail passenger transportation security programs
- 10 that are carried out for rail transportation systems in
- 11 Japan, member nations of the European Union, and other
- 12 foreign countries.
- 13 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the study completed
- 14 under subsection (a) shall be to identify effective rail
- 15 transportation security measures that are in use in foreign
- 16 rail transportation systems, including innovative measures
- 17 and screening procedures determined effective.
- 18 (c) Report.—The Comptroller General shall submit
- 19 a report on the results of the study completed under sub-
- 20 section (a) to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 21 Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
- 22 Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Rep-
- 23 resentatives. The report shall include the Comptroller
- 24 General's assessment regarding whether it is feasible to
- 25 implement within the United States any of the same or

- 1 similar security measures that are determined effective
  2 under the study.
  3 SEC. 224. PASSENGER, BAGGAGE, AND CARGO SCREENING.
  4 (a) REQUIREMENT FOR STUDY AND REPORT.—The
  5 Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Border and
  6 Transportation Security, in cooperation with the Secretary
- 8 (1) analyze the cost and feasibility of requiring 9 security screening for passengers, baggage, and 10 cargo on passenger trains; and
  - (2) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, report the results of the study, together with any recommendations that the Under Secretary may have for implementing a rail security screening program to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.

#### (b) Pilot Program.—

of Transportation, shall—

(1) In General.—As part of the study under subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall conduct a pilot program of random security screening of passengers and baggage at 5 passenger rail stations served by Amtrak that are selected by the Under Secretary.

25 Secretary

1	(2) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—In conducting the
2	pilot program, the Under Secretary shall—
3	(A) test a wide range of explosives detec-
4	tion technologies, devices, and methods;
5	(B) require that intercity rail passengers
6	produce government-issued photographic identi-
7	fication that matches the name on the pas-
8	senger's tickets prior to boarding trains; and
9	(C) attempt to give preference to locations
10	at the highest risk of terrorist attack and
11	achieve a distribution of participating train sta-
12	tions in terms of geographic location, size, pas-
13	senger volume, and whether the station is used
14	by commuter rail passengers as well as Amtrak
15	passengers.
16	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
17	are authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary
18	of Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Se-
19	curity \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2007 to carry out this
20	section.
21	SEC. 225. CERTAIN PERSONNEL LIMITATIONS NOT TO
22	APPLY.
23	Any statutory limitation on the number of employees
24	in the Transportation Security Administration of the De-
25	partment of Transportation, before or after its transfer

to the Department of Homeland Security, shall not apply to the extent that any such employees are responsible for implementing the provisions of this subtitle. 3 4 SEC. 226. FIRE AND LIFE-SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS. 5 (a) Life-Safety Needs.—The Secretary of Transportation is authorized to make grants to Amtrak for the purpose of making fire and life-safety improvements to 8 Amtrak tunnels on the Northeast Corridor in New York, New York, Baltimore, Maryland, and Washington, District of Columbia. 10 11 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 12 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation for the purposes of carrying out subsection 13 14 (a) the following amounts: 15 (1) For the 6 New York tunnels to provide ven-16 tilation, electrical, and fire safety technology up-17 grades, emergency communication and lighting sys-18 tems, and emergency access and egress for pas-19 sengers— 20 (A) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2007; 21 (B) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2008; 22 (C) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2009; 23 (D) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2010; and 24 (E) \$170,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.

1	(2) For the Baltimore & Potomac tunnel and
2	the Union tunnel, together, to provide adequate
3	drainage, ventilation, communication, lighting, and
4	passenger egress upgrades—
5	(A) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2007;
6	(B) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
7	(C) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
8	(D) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2010; and
9	(E) $$17,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011.
10	(3) For the Washington, District of Columbia,
11	Union Station tunnels to improve ventilation, com-
12	munication, lighting, and passenger egress up-
13	grades—
14	(A) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2007;
15	(B) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
16	(C) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
17	(D) $\$8,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010; and
18	(E) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.
19	(c) Infrastructure Upgrades.—There are au-
20	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transpor-
21	tation \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2007 for the preliminary
22	design of options for a new tunnel on a different alignment
23	to augment the capacity of the Baltimore, Maryland, tun-
24	nels.

1	(d) Availability of Appropriated Funds.—
2	Amounts appropriated pursuant to this section shall re-
3	main available until expended.
4	(e) Plans Required.—The Secretary of Transpor-
5	tation may not make amounts available to Amtrak for ob-
6	ligation or expenditure under subsection (a)—
7	(1) until Amtrak has submitted to the Sec-
8	retary, and the Secretary has approved, an engineer-
9	ing and financial plan for such projects; and
10	(2) unless, for each project funded pursuant to
11	this section, the Secretary has approved a project
12	management plan prepared by Amtrak addressing
13	appropriate project budget, construction schedule,
14	recipient staff organization, document control and
15	record keeping, change order procedure, quality con-
16	trol and assurance, periodic plan updates, periodic
17	status reports, and such other matters the Secretary
18	determines appropriate.
19	(f) Review of Plans.—
20	(1) In general.—The Secretary of Transpor-
21	tation shall complete the review of the plans re-
22	quired under subsection (e) and approve or dis-
23	approve the plans not later than 45 days after the
24	date on which each such plan is submitted by Am-

trak.

- 1 (2) Deficient plans.—If the Secretary deter2 mines that a plan is incomplete or deficient, the Sec3 retary shall notify Amtrak of the incomplete items
  4 or deficiencies and Amtrak shall, not later than 30
  5 days after receiving such notification, submit a
  6 modified plan for the Secretary's review.
  - (3) REVIEW OF MODIFIED PLANS.—Not later than 15 days after receiving additional information on items previously included in the plan, and not later than 45 days after receiving items newly included in a modified plan, the Secretary shall either approve the modified plan, or, if the Secretary finds the plan is still incomplete or deficient, the Secretary shall identify in writing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives the portions of the plan the Secretary finds incomplete or deficient, approve all other portions of the plan, obligate the funds associated with those other portions, and execute an agreement with Amtrak not later than 15 days thereafter on a process for resolving the remaining portions of the plan.
- (g) FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION FROM OTHER TUN NEL USERS.—The Secretary shall, taking into account the

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- 1 need for the timely completion of all portions of the tunnel
- 2 projects described in subsection (a)—
- 3 (1) consider the extent to which rail carriers
- 4 other than Amtrak use the tunnels;
- 5 (2) consider the feasibility of seeking a financial
- 6 contribution from those other rail carriers toward
- 7 the costs of the projects; and
- 8 (3) obtain financial contributions or commit-
- 9 ments from such other rail carriers at levels reflect-
- ing the extent of their use of the tunnels, if feasible.

#### 11 SEC. 227. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.

- 12 (a) Memorandum of Understanding.—Not later
- 13 than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
- 14 Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Home-
- 15 land Security shall execute a memorandum of agreement
- 16 governing the roles and responsibilities of the Department
- 17 of Transportation and the Department of Homeland Secu-
- 18 rity, respectively, in addressing railroad transportation se-
- 19 curity matters, including the processes the departments
- 20 will follow to promote communications, efficiency, and
- 21 nonduplication of effort.
- 22 (b) Rail Safety Regulations.—Section 20103(a)
- 23 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking
- 24 "safety" the first place it appears, and inserting "safety,
- 25 including security,".

1	SEC. 228. AMTRAK PLAN TO ASSIST FAMILIES OF PAS-
2	SENGERS INVOLVED IN RAIL PASSENGER AC-
3	CIDENTS.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 243 of title 49, United
5	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing new section:
7	"§ 24316. Plan to address needs of families of pas-
8	sengers involved in rail passenger acci-
9	dents
10	"(a) Submission of Plan.—Not later than 6
11	months after the date of enactment of this section, Am-
12	trak shall submit to the Chairman of the National Trans-
13	portation Safety Board and the Secretary of Transpor-
14	tation a plan for addressing the needs of the families of
15	passengers involved in any rail passenger accident involv-
16	ing an Amtrak intercity train and resulting in a loss of
17	life.
18	"(b) Contents of Plans.—The plan to be sub-
19	mitted by Amtrak under subsection (a) shall include, at
20	a minimum, the following:
21	"(1) A process by which Amtrak shall maintain
22	and provide to the National Transportation Safety
23	Board and the Secretary of Transportation, imme-
24	diately upon request, a list (which is based on the
25	best available information at the time of the request)
26	of the names of the passengers aboard the train

- (whether or not such names have been verified), and will periodically update the list. The process shall include a procedure, with respect to unreserved trains and passengers not holding reservations on other trains, for Amtrak to use reasonable efforts to ascertain the number and names of passengers aboard a train involved in an accident.
  - "(2) A plan for creating and publicizing a reliable, toll-free telephone number within 4 hours after such an accident occurs, and for providing staff, to handle calls from the families of the passengers.
  - "(3) A process using suitably trained individuals to notify the families of the passengers before any public notice of the names of the passengers is provided.
  - "(4) A process for providing the notice described in paragraph (2) to the family of a passenger as soon as Amtrak has verified that the passenger was aboard the train (whether or not the names of all of the passengers have been verified).
  - "(5) A process by which the family of each passenger will be—
- 23 "(A) consulted about the disposition of all 24 remains and personal effects of the passenger 25 within Amtrak's control;

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- 1 "(B) notified that any possession of the 2 passenger within Amtrak's control will be re-3 turned to the family unless the possession is 4 needed for the accident investigation or any 5 criminal investigation; and 6 "(C) notified that any unclaimed posses-
  - "(C) notified that any unclaimed possession of a passenger within Amtrak's control will be retained by the rail passenger carrier for at least 18 months.
- "(6) A process by which the treatment of the families of nonrevenue passengers will be the same as the treatment of the families of revenue passengers.
  - "(7) An assurance that Amtrak will provide adequate training to its employees and agents to meet the needs of survivors and family members following an accident.
- "(c) USE OF INFORMATION.—The National Trans19 portation Safety Board, the Secretary of Transportation,
  20 and Amtrak may not release to any person information
  21 on a list obtained under subsection (b)(1) but may provide
  22 information on the list about a passenger to the family
  23 of the passenger to the extent that the Board or Amtrak

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- 1 "(d) Limitation on Liability.—Amtrak shall not
- 2 be liable for damages in any action brought in a Federal
- 3 or State court arising out of the performance of Amtrak
- 4 in preparing or providing a passenger list, or in providing
- 5 information concerning a train reservation, under the plan
- 6 submitted by Amtrak under subsection (b), unless such
- 7 liability was caused by Amtrak's conduct.
- 8 "(e) Limitation on Statutory Construction.—
- 9 Nothing in this section may be construed as limiting the
- 10 actions that Amtrak may take, or the obligations that Am-
- 11 trak may have, in providing assistance to the families of
- 12 passengers involved in a rail passenger accident.
- 13 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 14 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
- 15 Transportation for the use of Amtrak \$500,000 for fiscal
- 16 year 2007 to carry out this section. Amounts appropriated
- 17 pursuant to this subsection shall remain available until ex-
- 18 pended.".
- 19 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter anal-
- 20 ysis for chapter 243 of title 49, United States Code, is
- 21 amended by adding at the end the following:
  - "24316. Plan to address needs of families of passengers involved in rail passenger accidents.".
- 22 SEC. 229. SYSTEMWIDE AMTRAK SECURITY UPGRADES.
- 23 (a) In General.—Subject to subsection (c), the
- 24 Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Border and

1	Transportation Security is authorized to make grants,
2	through the Secretary of Transportation, to Amtrak—
3	(1) to secure major tunnel access points and en-
4	sure tunnel integrity in New York, New York, Balti-
5	more, Maryland, and Washington, District of Co-
6	lumbia;
7	(2) to secure Amtrak trains;
8	(3) to secure Amtrak stations;
9	(4) to obtain a watch list identification system
10	approved by the Under Secretary;
11	(5) to obtain train tracking and interoperable
12	communications systems that are coordinated to the
13	maximum extent possible;
14	(6) to hire additional police and security offi-
15	cers, including canine units;
16	(7) to supplement salaries and benefits of au-
17	thorized sworn law enforcement personnel of the
18	Amtrak Police Department; and
19	(8) to expand emergency preparedness efforts.
20	(b) Conditions.—The Secretary of Transportation
21	may not disburse funds to Amtrak under subsection (a)
22	unless the projects are contained in a systemwide security
23	plan approved by the Under Secretary, in consultation
24	with the Secretary of Transportation, and, for capital
25	projects, meet the requirements of section 226(e)(2). The

1	plan shall include appropriate measures to address secu-
2	rity awareness, emergency response, and passenger evacu-
3	ation training.
4	(e) Equitable Geographic Allocation.—The
5	Under Secretary shall ensure that, subject to meeting the
6	highest security needs on Amtrak's entire system, stations
7	and facilities located outside of the Northeast Corridor re-
8	ceive an equitable share of the security funds authorized
9	by this section.
10	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
11	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
12	appropriated to the Under Secretary of Homeland
13	Security for Border and Transportation Security—
14	(A) $\$81,900,000$ for fiscal year 2007 to
15	carry out this section; and
16	(B) $$18,400,000$ for each of the fiscal
17	years 2007 through 2011, to carry out para-
18	graphs (6) and (7) of subsection (a).
19	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pur-
20	suant to this subsection shall remain available until
21	expended.
22	SEC. 230. FREIGHT AND PASSENGER RAIL SECURITY UP-
23	GRADES.
24	(a) Security Improvement Grants.—The Under
25	Secretary of Homeland Security for Border and Transpor-

- 1 tation Security is authorized to make grants to freight
- 2 railroads, the Alaska Railroad, hazardous materials ship-
- 3 pers, owners of rail cars used in the transportation of haz-
- 4 ardous materials, universities, colleges and research cen-
- 5 ters, State and local governments (for passenger facilities
- 6 and infrastructure not owned by Amtrak), and, through
- 7 the Secretary of Transportation, to Amtrak, for full or
- 8 partial reimbursement of costs incurred in the conduct of
- 9 activities to prevent or respond to acts of terrorism, sabo-
- 10 tage, or other intercity passenger rail and freight rail secu-
- 11 rity threats, including—
- 12 (1) security and redundancy for critical commu-
- nications, computer, and train control systems essen-
- tial for secure rail operations;
- 15 (2) accommodation of cargo or passenger
- screening equipment at the United States-Mexico
- border or the United States-Canada border;
- 18 (3) the security of hazardous material transpor-
- tation by rail;
- 20 (4) secure intercity passenger rail stations,
- 21 trains, and infrastructure;
- 22 (5) structural modification or replacement of
- rail cars transporting extremely hazardous materials
- 24 (as defined in section 242) to improve their resist-
- ance to acts of terrorism;

1	(6) employee security awareness, preparedness,
2	passenger evacuation, and emergency response train-
3	ing;
4	(7) public security awareness campaigns for
5	passenger train operations;
6	(8) the sharing of intelligence and information
7	about security threats;
8	(9) train tracking and interoperable commu-
9	nications systems that are coordinated to the max-
10	imum extent possible;
11	(10) the hiring of additional police and security
12	officers, including canine units; and
13	(11) other improvements recommended by the
14	reports submitted under subsections (c) and (d) of
15	section 221, including infrastructure, facilities, and
16	equipment upgrades.
17	(b) ACCOUNTABILITY.—The Under Secretary shall
18	adopt necessary procedures, including audits, to ensure
19	that grants made under this section are expended in ac-
20	cordance with the purposes of this subtitle and the prior-
21	ities and other criteria developed by the Under Secretary.
22	(c) EQUITABLE ALLOCATION.—The Under Secretary
23	shall equitably distribute the funds authorized by this sec-
24	tion, taking into account geographic location, and shall en-
25	courage non-Federal financial participation in awarding

- 1 grants. With respect to grants for passenger rail security,
- 2 the Under Secretary shall also take into account passenger
- 3 volume and whether a station is used by commuter rail
- 4 passengers as well as intercity rail passengers.
- 5 (d) Conditions.—The Secretary of Transportation
- 6 may not disburse funds to Amtrak under subsection (a)
- 7 unless Amtrak meets the conditions set forth in section
- 8 229(b).
- 9 (e) Allocation Between Railroads and Oth-
- 10 ERS.—Unless as a result of the assessment required by
- 11 section 201(a) the Under Secretary of Homeland Security
- 12 for Border and Transportation Security determines that
- 13 critical rail transportation security needs require reim-
- 14 bursement in greater amounts to any eligible entity, no
- 15 grants under this section may be made—
- 16 (1) in excess of \$65,000,000 to Amtrak; or
- 17 (2) in excess of \$100,000,000 for the purposes
- described in paragraphs (3) and (5) of subsection
- 19 (a).
- 20 (f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 21 are authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary
- 22 of Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Se-
- 23 curity \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2007 to carry out this
- 24 section. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this subsection
- 25 shall remain available until expended.

1	SEC. 231. RAIL SECURITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
2	(a) Establishment of Research and Develop-
3	MENT PROGRAM.—The Under Secretary of Homeland Se-
4	curity for Border and Transportation Security, in conjunc-
5	tion with the Secretary of Transportation, shall carry out
6	a research and development program for the purpose of
7	improving freight and intercity passenger rail security that
8	may include research and development projects to—
9	(1) reduce the vulnerability of passenger trains,
10	stations, and equipment to explosives and hazardous
11	chemical, biological, and radioactive substances;
12	(2) test new emergency response techniques and
13	technologies;
14	(3) develop improved freight technologies, in-
15	cluding—
16	(A) technologies for sealing rail cars;
17	(B) automatic inspection of rail cars;
18	(C) communication-based train controls; and
19	(D) emergency response training;
20	(4) test wayside detectors that can detect tam-
21	pering with railroad equipment;
22	(5) support enhanced security for the transpor-
23	tation of hazardous materials by rail, including—
24	(A) technologies to detect a breach in a
25	tank car and transmit information about the in-
26	tegrity of tank cars to the train crew;

1	(B) research to improve tank car integrity,
2	with a focus on tank cars that carry extremely
3	hazardous materials (as defined in section 242);
4	and
5	(C) techniques to transfer hazardous mate-
6	rials from rail cars that are damaged or other-
7	wise represent an unreasonable risk to human
8	life or public safety; and
9	(6) other projects recommended in reports sub-
10	mitted under section 221.
11	(b) Coordination With Other Research Initia-
12	TIVES.—
13	(1) In General.—The Under Secretary of
14	Homeland Security for Border and Transportation
15	Security shall ensure that the research and develop-
16	ment program authorized by this section is coordi-
17	nated with other research and development initia-
18	tives at the Department of Homeland Security and
19	the Department of Transportation.
20	(2) AGREEMENT FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The
21	Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Border
22	and Transportation Security shall carry out any re-
23	search and development project authorized by this

section through a reimbursable agreement with the

1	Secretary of Transportation if the Secretary of
2	Transportation—
3	(A) is already sponsoring a research and
4	development project in a similar area; or
5	(B) has a unique facility or capability that
6	would be useful in carrying out the project.
7	(c) Accountability.—The Under Secretary shall
8	adopt necessary procedures, including audits, to ensure
9	that grants made under this section are expended in ac-
10	cordance with the purposes of this Act and the priorities
11	and other criteria developed by the Under Secretary.
12	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary
14	of Homeland Security for Border and Transportation Se-
15	curity \$50,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2007 and 2008
16	to carry out this section. Amounts appropriated pursuant
17	to this subsection shall remain available until expended.
18	SEC. 232. WELDED RAIL AND TANK CAR SAFETY IMPROVE-
19	MENTS.
20	(a) Track Standards.—Not later than 90 days
21	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
22	of the Federal Railroad Administration shall—
23	(1) require each track owner using continuous
24	welded rail track to include procedures (in its proce-
25	dures filed with the Administration under section

- 1 213.119 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations) to 2 improve the identification of cracks in rail joint bars;
- 3 (2) instruct Administration track inspectors to obtain copies of the most recent continuous welded 5 rail programs of each railroad within the inspectors' 6 areas of responsibility and require that inspectors 7 use those programs when conducting track inspec-8 tions; and
- 9 (3) establish a program to periodically review 10 continuous welded rail joint bar inspection data from railroads and Administration track inspectors and, 12 whenever the Administrator determines that it is 13 necessary or appropriate, require railroads to in-14 crease the frequency or improve the methods of in-15 spection of joint bars in continuous welded rail.
- 16 (b) Tank Car Standards.—The Administrator of the Federal Railroad Administration shall—
  - (1) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, validate the predictive model it is developing to quantify the relevant dynamic forces acting on railroad tank cars under accident conditions; and
- 23 (2) not later than 18 months after the date of 24 enactment of this Act, initiate a rulemaking to de-

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- 1 velop and implement appropriate design standards
- 2 for pressurized tank cars.
- 3 (c) Older Tank Car Impact Resistance Anal-
- 4 YSIS AND REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal
- 6 Railroad Administration shall—
- 7 (1) conduct a comprehensive analysis to deter-
- 8 mine the impact resistance of the steels in the shells
- 9 of pressure tank cars constructed before 1989; and
- 10 (2) submit to the Committee on Commerce,
- Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the
- 12 Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
- the House of Representatives a report with rec-
- ommendations for measures to eliminate or mitigate
- the risk of catastrophic failure.
- 16 SEC. 233. NORTHERN BORDER RAIL PASSENGER REPORT.
- Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 18 of this Act, the Under Secretary of Homeland Security
- 19 for Border and Transportation Security, in consultation
- 20 with the heads of other appropriate Federal departments
- 21 and agencies and the National Railroad Passenger Cor-
- 22 poration, shall submit to the Committee on Commerce,
- 23 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 24 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
- 25 of Representatives a report that contains—

- 1 (1) a description of the system for screening 2 passengers and baggage on passenger rail service be-3 tween the United States and Canada;
  - (2) an assessment of the program to provide preclearance of airline passengers between the United States and Canada as outlined in "The Agreement on Air Transport Preclearance between the Government of Canada and the Government of the United States of America", dated January 18, 2001;
    - (3) an assessment of the program to provide preclearance of freight railroad traffic between the United States and Canada as outlined in the "Declaration of Principle for the Improved Security of Rail Shipments by Canadian National Railway and Canadian Pacific Railway from Canada to the United States", dated April 2, 2003;
    - (4) information on progress by the Department of Homeland Security and other Federal agencies towards finalizing a bilateral protocol with Canada that would provide for preclearance of passengers on trains operating between the United States and Canada;
- (5) a description of legislative, regulatory,
   budgetary, or policy barriers within the United

1	States Government to providing prescreened pas-
2	senger lists for rail passengers traveling between the
3	United States and Canada to the Department of
4	Homeland Security;
5	(6) a description of the position of the Govern-
6	ment of Canada and relevant Canadian agencies
7	with respect to preclearance of such passengers; and
8	(7) a draft of any changes in Federal law nec-
9	essary to provide for prescreening of such pas-
10	sengers and providing prescreened passenger lists to
11	the Department of Homeland Security.
12	SEC. 234. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION PROGRAM.
13	(a) In General.—Subchapter I of chapter 201 of
14	title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
15	section 20115 the following:
16	"§ 20116. Whistleblower protection for rail security
17	matters
18	"(a) Discrimination Against Employee.—No rail
19	carrier engaged in interstate or foreign commerce may dis-
20	charge a railroad employee or otherwise discriminate
21	against a railroad employee because the employee (or any
22	person acting under a request of the employee)—
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	person acting under a request of the employee)—  "(1) provided, caused to be provided, or is

- ployer or the Federal Government information relat-
- 2 ing to a perceived threat to security;
- 3 "(2) provided, caused to be provided, or is 4 about to provide or cause to be provided, testimony
- 5 before Congress or at any Federal or State pro-
- 6 ceeding regarding a perceived threat to security; or
- 7 "(3) refused to violate or assist in the violation
- 8 of any law, rule, or regulation related to rail secu-
- 9 rity.
- 10 "(b) DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—A dispute, grievance,
- 11 or claim arising under this section is subject to resolution
- 12 under section 3 of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 153).
- 13 In a proceeding by the National Railroad Adjustment
- 14 Board, a division or delegate of the Board, or another
- 15 board of adjustment established under such section to re-
- 16 solve the dispute, grievance, or claim, the proceeding shall
- 17 be expedited and the dispute, grievance, or claim shall be
- 18 resolved not later than 180 days after it is filed. If the
- 19 violation is a form of discrimination that does not involve
- 20 discharge, suspension, or another action affecting pay, and
- 21 no other remedy is available under this subsection, the
- 22 Board, division, delegate, or other board of adjustment
- 23 may award the employee reasonable damages, including
- 24 punitive damages, of not more than \$20,000.

- 1 "(c) Procedural Requirements.—Except as pro-
- 2 vided in subsection (b), the procedure set forth in section
- 3 42121(b)(2)(B), including the burdens of proof, applies to
- 4 any complaint brought under this section.
- 5 "(d) Election of Remedies.—An employee of a
- 6 railroad carrier may not seek protection under both this
- 7 section and another provision of law for the same allegedly
- 8 unlawful act of the carrier.
- 9 "(e) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITY.—
- "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), or
- 11 with the written consent of the employee, the Sec-
- retary of Transportation may not disclose the name
- of an employee of a railroad carrier who has pro-
- vided information about an alleged violation of this
- 15 section.
- 16 "(2) The Secretary shall disclose to the Attor-
- 17 ney General the name of an employee described in
- paragraph (1) if the matter is referred to the Attor-
- ney General for enforcement.".
- 20 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter anal-
- 21 ysis for chapter 201 of title 49, United States Code, is
- 22 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 23 20115 the following:

<sup>&</sup>quot;20116. Whistleblower protection for rail security matters.".

# Subtitle C—Transportation of Hazardous Materials by Rail

3 SEC. 241. FINDINGS.

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- 4 Congress makes the following findings:
  - (1) Congress has specifically given the Department of Homeland Security, working in conjunction with the Department of Transportation and other Federal agencies, the primary authority for the security of the United States transportation sector, including passenger and freight rail.
    - (2) This authority includes the responsibility to protect American citizens from terrorist incidents related to the transport by rail of extremely hazardous materials.
    - (3) Federal agencies have determined that hazardous materials can be used as tools of destruction and terror and that extremely hazardous materials are particularly vulnerable to sabotage or misuse during transport.
    - (4) The Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Central Intelligence Agency have found evidence suggesting that chemical tankers used to transport and store extremely hazardous chemicals have been targeted by terrorist groups.

- 1 (5) Rail shipments of extremely hazardous ma-2 terials are often routed through highly attractive 3 targets and densely populated areas, including with-4 in a few miles of the White House and United 5 States Capitol.
  - (6) According to security experts, certain extremely hazardous materials present a mass casualty terrorist potential rivaled only by improvised nuclear devices, certain acts of bioterrorism, and the collapse of large occupied buildings.
  - (7) A report by the Chlorine Institute found that a 90-ton rail tanker, if successfully targeted by an explosive device, could cause a catastrophic release of an extremely hazardous material, creating a toxic cloud 40 miles long and 10 miles wide.
  - (8) The Environmental Protection Agency estimates that in an urban area a toxic cloud could extend for 14 miles.
  - (9) The United States Naval Research Laboratories concluded that a toxic plume of this type, created while there was a public event on the National Mall, could kill or injure up to 100,000 people in less than 30 minutes.
  - (10) According to security experts, rail shipments of extremely hazardous materials are particu-

- larly vulnerable and dangerous, however the Federal Government has made no material reduction in the inherent vulnerability of hazardous chemical targets inside the United States.
  - (11) While the safety record related to rail shipments of hazardous materials is very good, recent accidental releases of extremely hazardous materials in rural South Carolina and San Antonio, Texas, demonstrate the fatal danger posed by extremely hazardous materials.
  - (12) Security experts have determined that rerouting these rail shipments is the only way to immediately eliminate this danger in high threat areas, which currently puts hundreds of thousands of people at risk.
  - (13) Security experts have determined that the primary benefit of re-routing the shipment of extremely hazardous materials is a reduction in the number of people that would be exposed to the deadly impact of the release due to an attack, and the principal cost would be the additional operating expense associated with possible increased mileage for the shipment of extremely hazardous materials.

1	(14) Less than 5 percent of all hazardous mate-
2	rials shipped by rail will meet the definition of ex-
3	tremely hazardous materials under this Act.
4	SEC. 242. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this subtitle, the following definitions apply:
6	(1) Extremely hazardous material.—The
7	term "extremely hazardous material" means any
8	chemical, toxin, or other material being shipped or
9	stored in sufficient quantities to represent an acute
10	health threat or have a high likelihood of causing in-
11	juries, casualties, or economic damage if successfully
12	targeted by a terrorist attack, including materials
13	that—
14	(A) are—
15	(i) toxic by inhalation;
16	(ii) extremely flammable; or
17	(iii) highly explosive;
18	(B) contain high level nuclear waste; or
19	(C) are otherwise designated by the Sec-
20	retary as extremely hazardous.
21	(2) High threat corridor.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "high threat
23	corridor" means a geographic area that has
24	been designated by the Secretary as particularly

1	vulnerable to damage from the release of ex-
2	tremely hazardous materials, including—
3	(i) large populations centers;
4	(ii) areas important to national secu-
5	rity;
6	(iii) areas that terrorists may be par-
7	ticularly likely to attack; or
8	(iv) any other area designated by the
9	Secretary as vulnerable to damage from
10	the rail shipment or storage of extremely
11	hazardous materials.
12	(B) Other Areas.—
13	(i) In general.—Any city that is not
14	designated as a high threat corridor under
15	subparagraph (A) may file a petition with
16	the Secretary to be so designated.
17	(ii) Procedure.—The Secretary shall
18	establish, by rule, regulation, or order, pro-
19	cedures for petitions under clause (i), in-
20	cluding—
21	(I) designating the local official
22	eligible to file a petition;
23	(II) establishing the criteria a
24	city shall include in a petition;

1	(III) allowing a city to submit
2	evidence supporting its petition; and
3	(IV) requiring the Secretary to
4	rule on the petition not later than 60
5	days after the date of submission of
6	the petition.
7	(iii) Notice.—The Secretary's deci-
8	sion regarding any petition under clause (i)
9	shall be communicated to the requesting
10	city, the Governor of the State in which
11	the city is located, and the Senators and
12	Members of the House of Representatives
13	that represent the State in which the city
14	is located.
15	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
16	the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Sec-
17	retary's designee.
18	(4) Storage.—The term "storage" means any
19	temporary or long-term storage of extremely haz-
20	ardous materials in rail tankers or any other me-
21	dium utilized to transport extremely hazardous ma-
22	terials by rail.

#### SEC. 243. REGULATIONS FOR TRANSPORT OF EXTREMELY

2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.
<i>∠</i>	HAZAIDOUS MATEMALS.

- 3 (a) Purposes of Regulations.—The regulations
- 4 issued under this section shall establish a national, risk-
- 5 based policy for extremely hazardous materials trans-
- 6 ported by rail or being stored. To the extent the Secretary
- 7 determines appropriate, the regulations issued under this
- 8 section shall be consistent with other Federal, State, and
- 9 local regulations and international agreements relating to
- 10 shipping or storing extremely hazardous materials.
- 11 (b) Issuance of Regulations.—Not later than 90
- 12 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- 13 shall issue, after notice and opportunity for public com-
- 14 ment, regulations concerning the rail shipment and stor-
- 15 age of extremely hazardous materials by owners and oper-
- 16 ators of railroads. In developing such regulations, the Sec-
- 17 retary shall consult with other Federal, State, and local
- 18 government entities, security experts, representatives of
- 19 the hazardous materials rail shipping industry, labor
- 20 unions representing persons who work with hazardous ma-
- 21 terials in the rail shipping industry, and other interested
- 22 persons, including private sector interest groups.
- (c) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations issued under
- 24 this section shall—
- 25 (1) include a list of the high threat corridors
- designated by the Secretary;

- 1 (2) contain the criteria used by the Secretary to 2 determine whether an area qualifies as a high threat 3 corridor;
  - (3) include a list of extremely hazardous materials;
    - (4) establish protocols for owners and operators of railroads that ship extremely hazardous materials regarding notifying all governors, mayors, and other designated officials and local emergency responders in a high threat corridor of the quantity and type of extremely hazardous materials that are transported by rail through the high threat corridor;
    - (5) require reports regarding the transport by railroad of extremely hazardous materials by the Secretary to local governmental officials designated by the Secretary, and Local Emergency Planning Committees, established under the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. 11001 et seq.);
    - (6) establish protocols for the coordination of Federal, State, and local law enforcement authorities in creating a plan to respond to a terrorist attack, sabotage, or accident involving a rail shipment of extremely hazardous materials that causes the release of such materials;

- 1 (7) require that any rail shipment containing 2 extremely hazardous materials be re-routed around 3 any high threat corridor; and
- 4 (8) establish standards for the Secretary to 5 grant exceptions to the re-routing requirement under 6 paragraph (7).

#### (d) High Threat Corridors.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—The criteria under subsection (c)(2) for determining whether an area qualifies as a high threat corridor may be the same criteria used for the distribution of funds under the Urban Area Security Initiative Program.
- 13 (2) INITIAL LIST.—If the Secretary is unable to
  14 complete the review necessary to determine which
  15 areas should be designated as high threat corridors
  16 within 90 days after the date of enactment of this
  17 Act, the initial list shall be the cities that received
  18 funding under the Urban Area Security Initiative
  19 Program in fiscal year 2004.
- 20 (e) Extremely Hazardous Materials List.—If 21 the Secretary is unable to complete the review necessary 22 to determine which materials should be designated ex-23 tremely hazardous materials under subsection (c)(3) with-24 in 90 days of the date of enactment of this Act, the initial

25 list shall include—

- 1 (1) explosives classified as Class 1, Division 1.1, 2 or Class 1, Division 1.2, under section 173.2 of title 3 49, Code of Federal Regulations, in a quantity 4 greater than 500 kilograms;
- 5 (2) flammable gasses classified as Class 2, Divi-6 sion 2.1, under section 173.2 of title 49, Code of 7 Federal Regulations, in a quantity greater than 8 10,000 liters;
  - (3) poisonous gasses classified as Class 2, Division 2.3, under section 173.2 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, that are also assigned to Hazard Zones A or B under section 173.116 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, in a quantity greater than 500 liters;
    - (4) poisonous materials, other than gasses, classified as Class 6, Division 6.1, under section 173.2 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, that are also assigned to Hazard Zones A or B under section 173.116 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, in a quantity greater than 1,000 kilograms; and
    - (5) anhydrous ammonia classified as Class 2, Division 2.2, under section 173.2 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, in a quantity greater than 1,000 kilograms.
- 25 (f) Notification.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—The protocols under subsection (c)(4) shall establish the required frequency of reporting by an owner and operator of a railroad to the Governors, Mayors, and other designated officials and local emergency responders in a high threat corridor.
  - (2) REPORTS TO SECRETARY.—The protocols under subsection (c)(4) shall require owners and operators of railroad to make annual reports to the Secretary regarding the transportation of extremely hazardous materials, and to make quarterly updates if there has been any significant change in the type, quantity, or frequency of shipments.
  - (3) Considerations.—In developing protocols under subsection (c)(4), the Secretary shall consider both the security needs of the United States and the interests of State and local governmental officials.

#### (g) Reports.—

#### (1) Frequency.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make an annual report to local governmental officials and Local Emergency Planning Committees under subsection (c)(5).
- (B) UPDATES.—If there has been any significant change in the type, quantity, or fre-

1	quency of rail shipments in a geographic area,
2	the Secretary shall make a quarterly update re-
3	port to local governmental officials and Local
4	Emergency Planning Committees in that geo-
5	graphic area.
6	(2) Contents.—Each report made under sub-
7	section (c)(5) shall incorporate information from the
8	reports under subsection (c)(4) and shall include—
9	(A) a good-faith estimate of the total num-
10	ber of rail cars containing extremely hazardous
11	materials shipped through or stored in each
12	metropolitan statistical area; and
13	(B) if a release from a railcar carrying or
14	storing extremely hazardous materials is likely
15	to harm persons or property beyond the prop-
16	erty of the owner or operator of the railroad, a
17	risk management plan that provides—
18	(i) a hazard assessment of the poten-
19	tial effects of a release of the extremely
20	hazardous materials, including—
21	(I) an estimate of the potential
22	release quantities; and
23	(II) a determination of the down-
24	wind effects, including the potential
25	exposures to affected populations;

1	(ii) a program to prevent a release of
2	extremely hazardous materials, including—
3	(I) security precautions;
4	(II) monitoring programs; and
5	(III) employee training measures
6	utilized; and
7	(iii) an emergency response program
8	that provides for specific actions to be
9	taken in response to the release of an ex-
10	tremely hazardous material, including pro-
11	cedures for informing the public and Fed-
12	eral, State, and local agencies responsible
13	for responding to the release of an ex-
14	tremely hazardous material.
15	(h) Transportation and Storage of Extremely
16	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS THROUGH HIGH THREAT COR-
17	RIDORS.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The standards for the Sec-
19	retary to grant exceptions under subsection (c)(8)
20	shall require a finding of special circumstances by
21	the Secretary, including that—
22	(A) the shipment originates in or is des-
23	tined to the high threat corridor;
24	(B) there is no practical alternate route;

1	(C) there is an unanticipated, temporary
2	emergency that threatens the lives of people in
3	the high threat corridor; or
4	(D) there would be no harm to persons or
5	property beyond the property of the owner or
6	operator of the railroad in the event of a suc-
7	cessful terrorist attack on the shipment.
8	(2) Practical alternate routes.—Whether
9	a shipper must utilize an interchange agreement or
10	otherwise utilize a system of tracks or facilities
11	owned by another operator shall not be considered
12	by the Secretary in determining whether there is a
13	practical alternate route under paragraph (1)(B).
14	(3) Grant of exception.—If the Secretary
15	grants an exception under subsection (c)(8)—
16	(A) the extremely hazardous material may
17	not be stored in the high threat corridor, in-
18	cluding under a leased track or rail siding
19	agreement; and
20	(B) the Secretary shall notify Federal,
21	State, and local law enforcement and first re-
22	sponder agencies (including, if applicable, tran-
23	sit, railroad, or port authority agencies) within

the high threat corridor.

### 1 SEC. 244. SAFETY TRAINING.

2	(a) Homeland Security Grant Program.—
3	(1) In general.—The Secretary may award
4	grants to local governments and owners and opera-
5	tors of railroads to conduct training regarding safety
6	procedures for handling and responding to emer-
7	gencies involving extremely hazardous materials.
8	(2) Use of funds.—Grants under this sub-
9	section may be used to provide training and pur-
10	chase safety equipment for individuals who—
11	(A) transport, load, unload, or are other-
12	wise involved in the shipment of extremely haz-
13	ardous materials;
14	(B) would respond to an accident or inci-
15	dent involving a shipment of extremely haz-
16	ardous materials; and
17	(C) would repair transportation equipment
18	and facilities in the event of such an accident
19	or incident.
20	(3) Application.—A local government or
21	owner or operator of a railroad desiring a grant
22	under this subsection shall submit an application at
23	such time, in such manner, and accompanied by
24	such information as the Secretary may reasonably
25	establish

1 AUTHORIZATION (4)OFAPPROPRIATIONS.— 2 There authorized to be appropriated are 3 \$100,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2007 4 through 2011 to carry out this subsection. 5

#### (b) Railway Hazmat Training Program.—

(1) Program.—Section 5116(j) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "(6) Railway hazmat training program.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to further the purposes of subsection (b), the Secretary of Transportation shall, subject to the availability of funds, make grants to national nonprofit employee organizations with experience in conducting training regarding the transportation of hazardous materials on railways for the purpose of training railway workers who are likely to discover, witness, or otherwise identify a release of extremely hazardous materials and to prevent or respond appropriately to the incident.

"(B) Delegation.—The Secretary of Transportation shall delegate authority for the administration of the Railway Hazmat Training Program to the Director of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences under

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1	subsection (g). In administering the program
2	under this paragraph, the Director of the Na-
3	tional Institute of Environmental Health
4	Sciences shall consult closely with the Secretary
5	of Transportation and the Secretary of Home-
6	land Security.".
7	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
8	Section 5128 of title 49, United States Code, is
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(g) Railway Hazmat Training Program.—There
11	are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each
12	of the fiscal years 2007 through 2011, to carry out section
13	5116(j)(6).".
14	SEC. 245. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
15	(a) Transport.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
17	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
18	shall conduct a study of the benefits and availability
19	of technology and procedures that may be utilized
20	to—
21	(A) reduce the likelihood of a terrorist at-
22	tack on a rail shipment of extremely hazardous
23	materials:

1	(B) reduce the likelihood of a catastrophic
2	release of extremely hazardous materials in the
3	event of a terrorist attack; and
4	(C) enhance the ability of first responders
5	to respond to a terrorist attack on a rail ship-
6	ment of extremely hazardous materials and
7	other required activities in the event of such an
8	attack.
9	(2) Matters studied.—The study conducted
10	under this subsection shall include the evaluation
11	of—
12	(A) whether safer alternatives to 90-ton
13	rail tankers exist;
14	(B) the feasibility of requiring chemical
15	shippers to electronically track the movements
16	of all shipments of extremely hazardous mate-
17	rials and report this information to the Depart-
18	ment of Homeland Security on an ongoing basis
19	as such shipments are transported; and
20	(C) the feasibility of utilizing fingerprint
21	based access controls for all chemical convey-
22	ances.
23	(3) Reporting.—Not later than 180 days after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
25	shall submit a report to Congress describing the

findings of the study conducted under this subsection, which shall include recommendations and cost estimates for securing shipments of extremely hazardous materials.

#### (b) Physical Security.—

- (1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a study of the physical security measures available for rail shipments of extremely hazardous materials that will reduce the risk of leakage or release in the event of a terrorist attack or sabotage.
- (2) Matters studied.—The study conducted under this subsection shall consider the use of passive secondary containment of tanker valves, additional security force personnel, surveillance technologies, barriers, decoy rail cars, and methods to minimize delays during shipping.
- (3) Reporting.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress describing the findings of the study conducted under this subsection, which shall contain recommendations and cost estimates for securing shipments of extremely hazardous materials.

1	(c) Leased Track Storage Arrangements.—
2	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
3	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a
4	study of available alternatives to storing extremely
5	hazardous materials in or on leased track facilities.
6	(2) Matters studied.—The study conducted
7	under this subsection shall—
8	(A) evaluate the extent of the use of leased
9	track facilities and the security measures that
10	should be taken to secure leased track facilities;
11	and
12	(B) assess means to limit the consequences
13	of an attack on extremely hazardous materials
14	stored on leased track facilities to nearby com-
15	munities.
16	(3) Report.—Not later than 180 days after
17	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
18	shall submit a report to Congress describing the
19	findings of the study conducted under this sub-
20	section, which shall contain recommendations and
21	cost estimates for securing shipments of extremely
22	hazardous materials.
23	SEC. 246. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION.
24	(a) Prohibition Against Discrimination.—No
25	owner or operator of a railroad may discharge or otherwise

- 1 discriminate against any employee with respect to com-
- 2 pensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment
- 3 because the employee (or any person acting under the re-
- 4 quest of the employee) provided information to the Sec-
- 5 retary, the Attorney General, or any Federal supervisory
- 6 agency regarding a possible violation of any provision of
- 7 this subtitle by the owner or operator of a railroad or any
- 8 director, officer, or employee of an owner or operator of
- 9 a railroad.
- 10 (b) Enforcement.—Any employee or former em-
- 11 ployee who believes that such employee has been dis-
- 12 charged or discriminated against in violation of subsection
- 13 (a) may file a civil action in the appropriate United States
- 14 district court before the end of the 2-year period beginning
- 15 on the date of such discharge or discrimination.
- 16 (c) Remedies.—If the district court determines that
- 17 a violation has occurred, the court may order the owner
- 18 or operator of a railroad that committed the violation to—
- 19 (1) reinstate the employee to the employee's
- former position;
- 21 (2) pay compensatory damages; or
- 22 (3) take other appropriate actions to remedy
- any past discrimination.
- 24 (d) Limitation.—The protections of this section
- 25 shall not apply to any employee who—

1	(1) deliberately causes or participates in the al-
2	leged violation of law or regulation; or
3	(2) knowingly or recklessly provides substan-
4	tially false information to the Secretary, the Attor-
5	ney General, or any Federal supervisory agency.
6	SEC. 247. PENALTIES.
7	(a) Right of Action.—
8	(1) In general.—Any State or local govern-
9	ment may bring a civil action in a United States dis-
10	trict court for redress of injuries caused by a viola-
11	tion of this subtitle against any person (other than
12	an individual) who transports, loads, unloads, or is
13	otherwise involved in the shipping of extremely haz-
14	ardous materials by rail and who violated this sub-
15	title.
16	(2) Relief.—In an action under paragraph
17	(1), a State or local government may seek, for each
18	violation of this subtitle—
19	(A) an order for injunctive relief; and
20	(B) a civil penalty of not more than
21	\$1,000,000.
22	(b) Administrative Penalties.—
23	(1) In General.—The Secretary may issue an
24	order imposing an administrative penalty of not
25	more than \$1,000,000 for each failure by a person

(other than an individual) who transports, loads, un-

2	loads, or is otherwise involved in the shipping of ex-
3	tremely hazardous materials to comply with this sub-
4	title.
5	(2) Notice and hearing.—Before issuing an
6	order under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall pro-
7	vide the person who allegedly violated this subtitle—
8	(A) written notice of the proposed order
9	and
10	(B) the opportunity to request, not later
11	than 30 days after the date on which the per-
12	son received the notice, a hearing on the pro-
13	posed order.
14	(3) Procedures.—Not later than 90 days
15	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary shall issue regulations establishing procedures
17	for administrative hearings and the appropriate re-
18	view of penalties issued under this subsection, in-
19	cluding establishing deadlines.
20	Subtitle D—Chemical Plant
21	Security
22	SEC. 261. PLANT SECURITY GRANTS.
23	There are authorized to be appropriated \$15,000,000
24	for each of fiscal years 2007 through 2011, to the Sec-

- 1 retary of Homeland Security to make grants for improving
- 2 the security of chemical plants.

## 3 Subtitle E—Seaport Protection

- 4 SEC. 281. FINDINGS.
- 5 Congress makes the following findings:
- 6 (1) The United States port system is a vital ar-7 tery of the economy of the United States. Almost 95 8 percent of all foreign trade passes through 1 or more 9 of the 361 ports in the United States. Such seaports 10 handle more than 2,000,000,000 tons of domestic 11 and international freight each year of which has a 12 value of more than \$740,000,000. The shipment of 13 cargo in vessels creates employment for 13,000,000 14 people within the United States.
  - (2) The United States Coast Guard has estimated that, given this tremendous commerce, a terrorist attack shutting down a major port in the United States would have a \$60,000,000 impact on the United States economy during the first 30 days after such an attack.
  - (3) Although 6,000,000 cargo containers, each a possible hiding place for a bomb or other weapon, are off-loaded at ports in the United States each year, less than ½10 of these containers are physically inspected. A container ship can carry as many as

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- 1 3,000 containers, each one weighing up to 45,000
- 2 pounds, hundreds of which may be off-loaded at a
- 3 port.
- 4 (4) The United States Coast Guard has esti-
- 5 mated that the maritime security requirements set
- 6 for ports by the Maritime Transportation Security
- 7 Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–295; 116 Stat. 2064),
- 8 which are critical to protecting United States ports
- 9 from a nuclear terrorist attack, will cost
- 10 \$5,400,000,000 to implement over a 10-year period.
- 11 SEC. 282. PORT SECURITY GRANT FUNDING.
- Section 70107(h) of title 46, United States Code, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 15 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
- 16 out subsections (a) through (g) \$1,000,000,000 for each
- 17 of the fiscal years 2007 through 2011.".

# 18 Subtitle F—Bag Screening

- 19 SEC. 291. CHECKED BAG SCREENING.
- There are authorized to be appropriated
- 21 \$200,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2007 through
- 22 2011, to the Transportation Security Administration to
- 23 ensure adequate screening of all checked passenger lug-
- 24 gage and cargo on commercial flights.